



#BWNJGWM

RANDOLPH LUCAS
309 W MAIN ST
BENSON NC 27504

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Date Issued: JANUARY 20, 2026

RANDOLPH LUCAS
309 W MAIN ST
BENSON NC 27504

CORRECTED (if checked)

PAYER'S name, street address, city or town, state or province, country, ZIP or foreign postal code, and telephone no. Morgan Stanley Capital Management, LLC Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC 1 New York Plaza 7th Floor New York, NY 10004 800-387-2331			1 Gross distribution \$ 5,177.99		OMB No. 1545-0119 2025 Form 1099-R	Distributions From Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc.		
			2a Taxable amount \$ 5,177.99					
			2b Taxable amount not determined <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Total distribution <input type="checkbox"/>			
PAYER'S TIN 11-3658445		RECIPIENT'S TIN XXX-XX-8888		3 Capital gain (included in box 2a) \$		4 Federal income tax withheld \$ 517.79		
RECIPIENT'S name, Street address (including apt. no.) City or town, state or province, country and ZIP or foreign postal code RANDOLPH LUCAS 309 W MAIN ST BENSON NC 27504			5 Employee contributions/ Designated Roth contributions or insurance premiums \$		6 Net unrealized appreciation in employer's securities \$			
			7 Distribution code(s) 7		IRA/SEP/SIMPLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		8 Other \$ %	
			9a Your percentage of total distribution %		9b Total employee contributions \$		Copy B Report this income on your federal tax return. If this form shows federal income tax withheld in box 4, attach this copy to your return. This information is being furnished to the IRS.	
10 Amount allocable to IRR within 5 years \$		11 1st year of desig. Roth contrib.	12 FATCA filing requirement <input type="checkbox"/>	14 State tax withheld \$ 207.11		15 State/Payer's state no. NC-601533694		
Account number (see instructions) 151 610512 206			13 Date of payment	17 Local tax withheld \$		18 Name of locality	19 Local distribution \$	

Instructions for Recipient

Generally, distributions from retirement plans (IRAs, qualified plans, section 403(b) plans, and governmental section 457(b) plans), insurance contracts, etc., are reported to recipients on Form 1099-R.

Qualified plans and section 403(b) plans. If your annuity starting date is after 1997, you must use the simplified method to figure your taxable amount if your payer didn't show the taxable amount in box

2a. See the instructions for your tax return.

Traditional IRAs or traditional SIMPLE IRAs. For distributions from a traditional individual retirement arrangement (IRA) or a traditional SIMPLE IRA, generally the payer isn't required to compute the taxable amount. See the instructions for your tax return to determine the taxable amount. If you're at least age 73, you must take minimum distributions from your IRA (other than a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA). If you don't, you're subject to an excise tax on the amount that should've been distributed. See Pub. 590-A and Pub. 590-B for more information on IRAs.

Roth IRAs or Roth SIMPLE IRAs the For distributions from a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA, generally the payer isn't required to compute the taxable amount. You must compute any taxable amount on Form 8606. An amount shown in box 2a may be taxable earnings on an excess contribution.

Loans treated as distributions. If you borrow money from a qualified plan, section 403(b) plan, or governmental section 457(b) plan, you may have to treat the loan as a distribution and include all or part of the amount borrowed in your income. There are exceptions to this rule. If your loan is taxable, code L will be shown in box 7. See Pub. 575.

Recipient's taxpayer identification number (TIN). For your protection, this form may show only the last four digits of your TIN (SSN, ITIN, ATIN, or EIN). However, the payer has reported your complete TIN to the IRS.

Account number. May show an account, policy, or other unique number the payer assigned to distinguish your account.

Box 1. Shows the total amount distributed this year. The amount may have been a direct rollover, a transfer or conversion to a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA, a recharacterized IRA contribution, or you may have received it as periodic payments, nonperiodic payments, or a total distribution. Report the amount on Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR on the line for "IRA distributions" or "Pensions and annuities" (or the line for "Taxable amount" and on Form 8606, as applicable. However, if this is a lump-sum distribution, see Form 4972. If you haven't reached minimum retirement age, report your disability payments on the line for "Wages, salaries, tips, etc." on your tax return. Also report on that line permissible withdrawals from eligible automatic contribution arrangements and corrective distributions of excess deferrals, excess contributions, or excess aggregate contributions except if the distribution is of designated Roth contributions or your after-tax contributions or if you're self-employed.

If a life insurance, annuity, qualified long-term care, or endowment contract was transferred tax free to another trustee or contract issuer, an amount will be shown in this box and code 6 will be shown in box

7. If a charge or payment was made against the cash value of an annuity contract or the cash surrender value of a life insurance contract for the purchase of qualified long-term care insurance, an amount will be shown in this box and code W will be shown in box 7. You need not report these amounts on your tax return. If code C is shown in box 7, the amount shown in box 1 is a receipt of reportable death benefits that is taxable in part.

Box 2a. This part of the distribution is generally taxable. If there is no entry in this box, the payer may not have all the facts needed to figure the taxable amount. In that case, the first box in box 2b should be checked. You may want to get one of the free publications from the IRS to help you figure the taxable amount. See *Additional information on the back of Copy 2*. For an IRA distribution, see *Traditional IRAs or Traditional SIMPLE IRAs and Roth IRAs or Roth SIMPLE IRAs*, earlier. For a direct rollover, other than from a qualified plan, section 403(b) plan, or governmental section 457(b) plan to a designated Roth account in the same plan or to a Roth IRA, zero should be shown and you must enter zero (-0-) on the "Taxable amount" line of your tax return. If you roll over a distribution (other than a distribution from a designated Roth account) from a qualified plan, section 403(b) plan, or governmental section 457(b) plan to a designated Roth account in the same plan or to a Roth IRA, you must include on the "Taxable amount" line of your tax return the amount shown in this box plus the amount in box 6, if any.

If this is a total distribution from a qualified plan and you were born before January 2, 1936 (or you're the beneficiary of someone born before January 2, 1936), you may be eligible for the 10-year tax option. See the Form 4972 instructions for more information.

If you're an eligible retired public safety officer who elected to exclude from income distributions from your eligible plan used to pay certain insurance premiums, the amount shown in box 2a hasn't been reduced by the exclusion amount. See the instructions for your tax return for more information.

Box 2b. If the first box is checked, the payer was unable to determine the taxable amount and box 2a should be blank, except for a traditional IRA or traditional SIMPLE IRA. It's your responsibility to determine the taxable amount. If the second box is checked, the distribution was a total distribution that closed out your account.

Box 3. If you received a lump-sum distribution from a qualified plan and were born before January 2, 1936 (or you're the beneficiary of someone born before January 2, 1936), you may be able to elect to treat this amount as a capital gain on Form 4972 (not on Schedule D (Form 1040)). See the Form 4972 instructions. For a charitable gift annuity, report as a long-term capital gain as explained in the Instructions for Form 8949.

Box 4. Shows federal income tax withheld. Include this amount on your income tax return as tax withheld. Generally, if you receive payments that aren't eligible rollover distributions, you can change your withholding or elect not to have income tax withheld by giving the payer Form W-4P or Form W-4R, as applicable.

Box 5. Generally, this shows the employee's investment in the contract (after-tax contributions), if any, recovered tax free this year; the portion that's your basis in a designated Roth account; the part of premiums paid on commercial annuities or insurance contracts recovered tax free; the nontaxable part of a charitable gift annuity; or the investment in a life insurance contract reportable under section 6050Y. This box doesn't show any IRA contributions. If the amount shown is your basis in a designated Roth account, the year you first made contributions to that account may be entered in box 11.

Box 6. If you received a lump-sum distribution from a qualified plan that includes securities of the employer's company, the net unrealized appreciation (NUA) (any increase in value of such securities while in the trust) is taxed only when you sell the securities unless you choose to include it in your gross income this year. See Pub. 575 and

Form 4972. If you roll over the distribution to a designated Roth account in the same plan or to a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA, see the instructions for box 2a. For a direct rollover to a designated Roth account in the same plan or to a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA, the NUA is included in box 2a. If you didn't receive a lump-sum distribution, the amount shown is the NUA attributable to employee contributions, which isn't taxed until you sell the securities.

Box 7. The following codes identify the distribution you received. For more information on these distributions, see the instructions for your tax return. Also, certain distributions may be subject to an additional 10% tax. See the Instructions for Form 5329.

1- Early distribution, no known exception (in most cases, under age 59½).

2- Early distribution, exception applies (under age 59½).

3- Disability.

4- Death.

5- Prohibited transaction.

6- Section 1035 exchange (a tax-free exchange of life insurance, annuity, qualified long-term care insurance, or endowment contracts).

7- Normal distribution.

8- Excess contributions plus earnings/excess deferrals (and/or earnings) taxable in 2025.

9- Cost of current life insurance protection.

A- May be eligible for 10-year tax option (see Form 4972).

B- Designated Roth account distribution.

Note: If code B is in box 7 and an amount is reported in box 10,

see the Instructions for Form 5329.

C- Reportable death benefits under section 6050Y.

D- Annuity payments from nonqualified annuities that may be subject to tax under section 1411.

E- Distributions under Employee Plans Compliance Resolution System (EPCRS).

F- Charitable gift annuity.

G- Direct rollover of a distribution to a qualified plan, a section 403(b) plan, a governmental section 457(b) plan, or an IRA.

H- Direct rollover of a designated Roth account distribution to a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA.

J- Early distribution from a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA, no known exception (in most cases, under age 59½).

K- Distribution of traditional IRA assets not having a readily available FMV.

L- Loans treated as distributions.

M- Qualified plan loan offset.

N- Recharacterized IRA contribution made for 2025 and recharacterized in 2025.

P- Excess contributions plus earnings/excess deferrals (and/or earnings) taxable in 2024 or a previous year.

Q- Qualified distribution from a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA.

R- Recharacterized IRA contribution made for 2024 or a previous year and recharacterized in 2025.

S- Early distribution from a SIMPLE IRA in first 2 years, no known exception (under age 59½).

T- Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA distribution, exception applies.

U- Dividend distribution from ESOP under section 404(k).

Note: This distribution isn't eligible for rollover.

W- Charges or payments for purchasing qualified long-term care insurance contracts under combined arrangements.

Y- Qualified charitable distribution (QCD) claimed by taxpayer under section 408(d)(8).

If the IRA/SEP/SIMPLE box is checked, you've received a traditional IRA, SEP, or SIMPLE distribution.

Box 8. If you received an annuity contract as part of a distribution, the value of the contract is shown. It isn't taxable when you receive it and shouldn't be included in boxes 1 and 2a. When you receive periodic payments from the annuity contract, they're taxable at that time. If the distribution is made to more than one person, the percentage of the annuity contract distributed to you is also shown. You'll need this information if you use the 10-year tax option (Form 4972). If you previously received an annuity contract as part of a distribution (or the contract was purchased through a direct rollover from a plan account) and periodic payments from that annuity contract are included in box 1, the value of the contract as of the end of the year is shown. This information may be provided to your plan administrator to determine any required distribution from that plan. If charges were made for qualified long-term care insurance contracts under combined arrangements, the amount of the reduction in the investment (but not below zero) in the annuity or life insurance contract is reported here.

Box 9a. If a total distribution was made to more than one person, the percentage you received is shown.

Box 9b. For a life annuity from a qualified plan or from a section 403(b) plan (with after-tax contributions), an amount may be shown for the employee's total investment in the contract. It is used to compute the taxable part of the distribution. See Pub. 575.

Box 10. If an amount is reported in this box, see the Instructions for Form 5329 and Pub. 575.

Box 11. The first year you made a contribution to the designated Roth account reported on this form is shown in this box.

Box 12. If checked, the payer is reporting on this Form 1099 to satisfy its Internal Revenue Code chapter 4 account reporting requirement under FATCA. You may also have a filing requirement. See the Instructions for Form 8938.

Box 13. Shows the date of payment for reportable death benefits under section 6050Y.

Boxes 14-19. If state or local income tax was withheld from the distribution, boxes 18 and 19 may show the part of the distribution subject to state and/or local tax.

Additional information. You may want to see: Form W-4P, Form 4972, Form 5329, Form 8606, Pub. 525, Pub. 560, Pub. 571, Pub. 575, Pub. 590-A, Pub. 590-B, Pub. 721, Pub. 939, and Pub. 969.



Date Issued: JANUARY 20, 2026

Please note that your Form 5498 will be mailed to you separately by May 31, 2026 only if you have made a contribution, rollover, Roth conversion, or recharacterization. The Form 5498 confirms all IRA contributions for the prior tax year made up until the tax filing deadline (usually April 15). It is not necessary to attach Form 5498 to your tax return.

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CORRECTED (if checked)

PAYER'S name, street address, city or town, state or province, country, ZIP or foreign postal code, and telephone no. Morgan Stanley Capital Management, LLC Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC 1 New York Plaza 7th Floor New York, NY 10004 800-387-2331		1 Gross distribution \$ 5,177.99		OMB No. 1545-0119 2025 Form 1099-R		Distributions From Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc.			
		2a Taxable amount \$ 5,177.99							
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PAYER'S TIN 11-3658445		RECIPIENT'S TIN XXX-XX-8888		3 Capital gain (included in box 2a) \$		4 Federal income tax withheld \$ 517.79		Copy C For Recipient's Records This information is being furnished to the IRS.	
RECIPIENT'S name, Street address (including apt. no.) City or town, state or province, country and ZIP or foreign postal code RANDOLPH LUCAS 309 W MAIN ST BENSON NC 27504		5 Employee contributions/ Designated Roth contributions or insurance premiums \$		6 Net unrealized appreciation in employer's securities \$					
		7 Distribution code(s) 7		IRA/ SEP/ SIMPLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		8 Other \$ %			
		9a Your percentage of total distribution %		9b Total employee contributions \$					
10 Amount allocable to IRR within 5 years \$		11 1st year of desig. Roth contrib.	12 FATCA filing requirement <input type="checkbox"/>	14 State tax withheld \$ 207.11		15 State/Payer's state no. NC-601533694		16 State distribution \$ 5,177.99	
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Qualified plans and section 403(b) plans. If your annuity starting date is after 1997, you must use the simplified method to figure your taxable amount if your payer didn't show the taxable amount in box

2a. See the instructions for your tax return.

Traditional IRAs or traditional SIMPLE IRAs. For distributions from a traditional individual retirement arrangement (IRA) or a traditional SIMPLE IRA, generally the payer isn't required to compute the taxable amount. See the instructions for your tax return to determine the taxable amount. If you're at least age 73, you must take minimum distributions from your IRA (other than a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA). If you don't, you're subject to an excise tax on the amount that should've been distributed. See Pub. 590-A and Pub. 590-B for more information on IRAs.

Roth IRAs or Roth SIMPLE IRAs the For distributions from a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA, generally the payer isn't required to compute the taxable amount. You must compute any taxable amount on Form 8606. An amount shown in box 2a may be taxable earnings on an excess contribution.

Loans treated as distributions. If you borrow money from a qualified plan, section 403(b) plan, or governmental section 457(b) plan, you may have to treat the loan as a distribution and include all or part of the amount borrowed in your income. There are exceptions to this rule. If your loan is taxable, code L will be shown in box 7. See Pub. 575.

Recipient's taxpayer identification number (TIN). For your protection, this form may show only the last four digits of your TIN (SSN, ITIN, ATIN, or EIN). However, the payer has reported your complete TIN to the IRS.

Account number. May show an account, policy, or other unique number the payer assigned to distinguish your account.

Box 1. Shows the total amount distributed this year. The amount may have been a direct rollover, a transfer or conversion to a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA, a recharacterized IRA contribution, or you may have received it as periodic payments, nonperiodic payments, or a total distribution. Report the amount on Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR on the line for "IRA distributions" or "Pensions and annuities" (or the line for "Taxable amount" and on Form 8606, as applicable. However, if this is a lump-sum distribution, see Form 4972. If you haven't reached minimum retirement age, report your disability payments on the line for "Wages, salaries, tips, etc." on your tax return. Also report on that line permissible withdrawals from eligible automatic contribution arrangements and corrective distributions of excess deferrals, excess contributions, or excess aggregate contributions except if the distribution is of designated Roth contributions or your after-tax contributions or if you're self-employed.

If a life insurance, annuity, qualified long-term care, or endowment contract was transferred tax free to another trustee or contract issuer, an amount will be shown in this box and code 6 will be shown in box

7. If a charge or payment was made against the cash value of an annuity contract or the cash surrender value of a life insurance contract for the purchase of qualified long-term care insurance, an amount will be shown in this box and code W will be shown in box 7. You need not report these amounts on your tax return. If code C is shown in box 7, the amount shown in box 1 is a receipt of reportable death benefits that is taxable in part.

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If this is a total distribution from a qualified plan and you were born before January 2, 1936 (or you're the beneficiary of someone born before January 2, 1936), you may be eligible for the 10-year tax option. See the Form 4972 instructions for more information.

If you're an eligible retired public safety officer who elected to exclude from income distributions from your eligible plan used to pay certain insurance premiums, the amount shown in box 2a hasn't been reduced by the exclusion amount. See the instructions for your tax return for more information.

Box 2b. If the first box is checked, the payer was unable to determine the taxable amount and box 2a should be blank, except for a traditional IRA or traditional SIMPLE IRA. It's your responsibility to determine the taxable amount. If the second box is checked, the distribution was a total distribution that closed out your account.

Box 3. If you received a lump-sum distribution from a qualified plan and were born before January 2, 1936 (or you're the beneficiary of someone born before January 2, 1936), you may be able to elect to treat this amount as a capital gain on Form 4972 (not on Schedule D (Form 1040)). See the Form 4972 instructions. For a charitable gift annuity, report as a long-term capital gain as explained in the Instructions for Form 8949.

Box 4. Shows federal income tax withheld. Include this amount on your income tax return as tax withheld. Generally, if you receive payments that aren't eligible rollover distributions, you can change your withholding or elect not to have income tax withheld by giving the payer Form W-4P or Form W-4R, as applicable

Box 5. Generally, this shows the employee's investment in the contract (after-tax contributions), if any, recovered tax free this year; the portion that's your basis in a designated Roth account; the part of premiums paid on commercial annuities or insurance contracts recovered tax free; the nontaxable part of a charitable gift annuity; or the investment in a life insurance contract reportable under section 6050Y. This box doesn't show any IRA contributions. If the amount shown is your basis in a designated Roth account, the year you first made contributions to that account may be entered in box 11.

Box 6. If you received a lump-sum distribution from a qualified plan that includes securities of the employer's company, the net unrealized appreciation (NUA) (any increase in value of such securities while in the trust) is taxed only when you sell the securities unless you choose to include it in your gross income this year. See Pub. 575 and

Form 4972. If you roll over the distribution to a designated Roth account in the same plan or to a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA, see the instructions for box 2a. For a direct rollover to a designated Roth account in the same plan or to a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA, the NUA is included in box 2a. If you didn't receive a lump-sum distribution, the amount shown is the NUA attributable to employee contributions, which isn't taxed until you sell the securities.

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1- Early distribution, no known exception (in most cases, under age 59½).

2- Early distribution, exception applies (under age 59½).

3- Disability.

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5- Prohibited transaction.

6- Section 1035 exchange (a tax-free exchange of life insurance, annuity, qualified long-term care insurance, or endowment contracts).

7- Normal distribution.

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A- May be eligible for 10-year tax option (see Form 4972).

B- Designated Roth account distribution.

Note: If code B is in box 7 and an amount is reported in box 10,

see the Instructions for Form 5329.

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Q- Qualified distribution from a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA.

R- Recharacterized IRA contribution made for 2024 or a previous year and recharacterized in 2025.

S- Early distribution from a SIMPLE IRA in first 2 years, no known exception (under age 59½).

T- Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA distribution, exception applies.

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Loans treated as distributions. If you borrow money from a qualified plan, section 403(b) plan, or governmental section 457(b) plan, you may have to treat the loan as a distribution and include all or part of the amount borrowed in your income. There are exceptions to this rule. If your loan is taxable, code L will be shown in box 7. See Pub. 575.

Recipient's taxpayer identification number (TIN). For your protection, this form may show only the last four digits of your TIN (SSN, ITIN, ATIN, or EIN). However, the payer has reported your complete TIN to the IRS.

Account number. May show an account, policy, or other unique number the payer assigned to distinguish your account.

Box 1. Shows the total amount distributed this year. The amount may have been a direct rollover, a transfer or conversion to a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA, a recharacterized IRA contribution, or you may have received it as periodic payments, nonperiodic payments, or a total distribution. Report the amount on Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040-NR on the line for "IRA distributions" or "Pensions and annuities" (or the line for "Taxable amount" and on Form 8606, as applicable. However, if this is a lump-sum distribution, see Form 4972. If you haven't reached minimum retirement age, report your disability payments on the line for "Wages, salaries, tips, etc." on your tax return. Also report on that line permissible withdrawals from eligible automatic contribution arrangements and corrective distributions of excess deferrals, excess contributions, or excess aggregate contributions except if the distribution is of designated Roth contributions or your after-tax contributions or if you're self-employed.

If a life insurance, annuity, qualified long-term care, or endowment contract was transferred tax free to another trustee or contract issuer, an amount will be shown in this box and code 6 will be shown in box

7. If a charge or payment was made against the cash value of an annuity contract or the cash surrender value of a life insurance contract for the purchase of qualified long-term care insurance, an amount will be shown in this box and code W will be shown in box 7. You need not report these amounts on your tax return. If code C is shown in box 7, the amount shown in box 1 is a receipt of reportable death benefits that is taxable in part.

Box 2a. This part of the distribution is generally taxable. If there is no entry in this box, the payer may not have all the facts needed to figure the taxable amount. In that case, the first box in box 2b should be checked. You may want to get one of the free publications from the IRS to help you figure the taxable amount. See *Additional information on the back of Copy 2*. For an IRA distribution, see *Traditional IRAs or Traditional SIMPLE IRAs and Roth IRAs or Roth SIMPLE IRAs*, earlier. For a direct rollover, other than from a qualified plan, section 403(b) plan, or governmental section 457(b) plan to a designated Roth account in the same plan or to a Roth IRA, zero should be shown and you must enter zero (-0-) on the "Taxable amount" line of your tax return. If you roll over a distribution (other than a distribution from a designated Roth account) from a qualified plan, section 403(b) plan, or governmental section 457(b) plan to a designated Roth account in the same plan or to a Roth IRA, you must include on the "Taxable amount" line of your tax return the amount shown in this box plus the amount in box 6, if any.

If this is a total distribution from a qualified plan and you were born before January 2, 1936 (or you're the beneficiary of someone born before January 2, 1936), you may be eligible for the 10-year tax option. See the Form 4972 instructions for more information.

If you're an eligible retired public safety officer who elected to exclude from income distributions from your eligible plan used to pay certain insurance premiums, the amount shown in box 2a hasn't been reduced by the exclusion amount. See the instructions for your tax return for more information.

Box 2b. If the first box is checked, the payer was unable to determine the taxable amount and box 2a should be blank, except for a traditional IRA or traditional SIMPLE IRA. It's your responsibility to determine the taxable amount. If the second box is checked, the distribution was a total distribution that closed out your account.

Box 3. If you received a lump-sum distribution from a qualified plan and were born before January 2, 1936 (or you're the beneficiary of someone born before January 2, 1936), you may be able to elect to treat this amount as a capital gain on Form 4972 (not on Schedule D (Form 1040)). See the Form 4972 instructions. For a charitable gift annuity, report as a long-term capital gain as explained in the Instructions for Form 8949.

Box 4. Shows federal income tax withheld. Include this amount on your income tax return as tax withheld. Generally, if you receive payments that aren't eligible rollover distributions, you can change your withholding or elect not to have income tax withheld by giving the payer Form W-4P or Form W-4R, as applicable

Box 5. Generally, this shows the employee's investment in the contract (after-tax contributions), if any, recovered tax free this year; the portion that's your basis in a designated Roth account; the part of premiums paid on commercial annuities or insurance contracts recovered tax free; the nontaxable part of a charitable gift annuity; or the investment in a life insurance contract reportable under section 6050Y. This box doesn't show any IRA contributions. If the amount shown is your basis in a designated Roth account, the year you first made contributions to that account may be entered in box 11.

Box 6. If you received a lump-sum distribution from a qualified plan that includes securities of the employer's company, the net unrealized appreciation (NUA) (any increase in value of such securities while in the trust) is taxed only when you sell the securities unless you choose to include it in your gross income this year. See Pub. 575 and

Form 4972. If you roll over the distribution to a designated Roth account in the same plan or to a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA, see the instructions for box 2a. For a direct rollover to a designated Roth account in the same plan or to a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA, the NUA is included in box 2a. If you didn't receive a lump-sum distribution, the amount shown is the NUA attributable to employee contributions, which isn't taxed until you sell the securities.

Box 7. The following codes identify the distribution you received. For more information on these distributions, see the instructions for your tax return. Also, certain distributions may be subject to an additional 10% tax. See the Instructions for Form 5329.

1- Early distribution, no known exception (in most cases, under age 59½).

2- Early distribution, exception applies (under age 59½).

3- Disability.

4- Death.

5- Prohibited transaction.

6- Section 1035 exchange (a tax-free exchange of life insurance, annuity, qualified long-term care insurance, or endowment contracts).

7- Normal distribution.

8- Excess contributions plus earnings/excess deferrals (and/or earnings) taxable in 2025.

9- Cost of current life insurance protection.

A- May be eligible for 10-year tax option (see Form 4972).

B- Designated Roth account distribution.

Note: If code B is in box 7 and an amount is reported in box 10,

see the Instructions for Form 5329.

C- Reportable death benefits under section 6050Y.

D- Annuity payments from nonqualified annuities that may be subject to tax under section 1411.

E- Distributions under Employee Plans Compliance Resolution System (EPCRS).

F- Charitable gift annuity.

G- Direct rollover of a distribution to a qualified plan, a section 403(b) plan, a governmental section 457(b) plan, or an IRA.

H- Direct rollover of a designated Roth account distribution to a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA.

J- Early distribution from a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA, no known exception (in most cases, under age 59½).

K- Distribution of traditional IRA assets not having a readily available FMV.

L- Loans treated as distributions.

M- Qualified plan loan offset.

N- Recharacterized IRA contribution made for 2025 and recharacterized in 2025.

P- Excess contributions plus earnings/excess deferrals (and/or earnings) taxable in 2024 or a previous year.

Q- Qualified distribution from a Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA.

R- Recharacterized IRA contribution made for 2024 or a previous year and recharacterized in 2025.

S- Early distribution from a SIMPLE IRA in first 2 years, no known exception (under age 59½).

T- Roth IRA or Roth SIMPLE IRA distribution, exception applies.

U- Dividend distribution from ESOP under section 404(k).

Note: This distribution isn't eligible for rollover.

W- Charges or payments for purchasing qualified long-term care insurance contracts under combined arrangements.

Y- Qualified charitable distribution (QCD) claimed by taxpayer under section 408(d)(8).

If the IRA/SEP/SIMPLE box is checked, you've received a traditional IRA, SEP, or SIMPLE distribution.

Box 8. If you received an annuity contract as part of a distribution, the value of the contract is shown. It isn't taxable when you receive it and shouldn't be included in boxes 1 and 2a. When you receive periodic payments from the annuity contract, they're taxable at that time. If the distribution is made to more than one person, the percentage of the annuity contract distributed to you is also shown. You'll need this information if you use the 10-year tax option (Form 4972). If you previously received an annuity contract as part of a distribution (or the contract was purchased through a direct rollover from a plan account) and periodic payments from that annuity contract are included in box 1, the value of the contract as of the end of the year is shown. This information may be provided to your plan administrator to determine any required distribution from that plan. If charges were made for qualified long-term care insurance contracts under combined arrangements, the amount of the reduction in the investment (but not below zero) in the annuity or life insurance contract is reported here.

Box 9a. If a total distribution was made to more than one person, the percentage you received is shown.

Box 9b. For a life annuity from a qualified plan or from a section 403(b) plan (with after-tax contributions), an amount may be shown for the employee's total investment in the contract. It is used to compute the taxable part of the distribution. See Pub. 575.

Box 10. If an amount is reported in this box, see the Instructions for Form 5329 and Pub. 575.

Box 11. The first year you made a contribution to the designated Roth account reported on this form is shown in this box.

Box 12. If checked, the payer is reporting on this Form 1099 to satisfy its Internal Revenue Code chapter 4 account reporting requirement under FATCA. You may also have a filing requirement. See the Instructions for Form 8938.

Box 13. Shows the date of payment for reportable death benefits under section 6050Y.

Boxes 14-19. If state or local income tax was withheld from the distribution, boxes 18 and 19 may show the part of the distribution subject to state and/or local tax.

Additional information. You may want to see: Form W-4P, Form 4972, Form 5329, Form 8606, Pub. 525, Pub. 560, Pub. 571, Pub. 575, Pub. 590-A, Pub. 590-B, Pub. 721, Pub. 939, and Pub. 969.



1099R
Tax Year Ending December 31, 2025

RANDOLPH LUCAS
309 W MAIN ST
BENSON NC 27504

Account Number FA
151 610512 206

DETAIL OF DISTRIBUTIONS FROM PENSIONS, ANNUITIES, RETIREMENT OR PROFIT SHARING PLANS, IRA's, INSURANCE CONTRACTS, ETC.

<u>Reason/Date</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Gross Distribution (Box 1)</u>	<u>Federal Income Tax Withheld (Box 4)</u>	<u>State Income Tax Withheld (Box 14)</u>	<u>State Code</u>	<u>Net Client Distribution</u>
7-NORMAL DISTRIBUTION							
CASH DISTRIBUTIONS							
04/15/25	FUNDS PAID	-XX5749	\$5,177.99	\$517.79	\$207.11	NC	\$4,453.09
Totals for 7-NORMAL DISTRIBUTION			\$5,177.99	\$517.79	\$207.11		\$4,453.09

